

PROOF OF FORMULA 3.325

$$\int_0^\infty e^{-ax^2 - b/x^2} dx = \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{a}} e^{-2\sqrt{ab}}$$

Complete the square to obtain

$$\int_0^\infty e^{-ax^2 - b/x^2} dx = e^{-2\sqrt{ab}} J,$$

where

$$J = \int_0^\infty e^{-(\sqrt{a}x - \sqrt{b}/x)^2} dx.$$

Now let $t = \frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}x}$ to obtain

$$J = \frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}} \int_0^\infty e^{-(\sqrt{a}t - \sqrt{b}/t)^2} \frac{dt}{t^2}.$$

Taking the average of these two forms for J ,

$$J = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^\infty e^{-(\sqrt{a}x - \sqrt{b}/x)^2} \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{b}}{\sqrt{a}x^2} \right) dx.$$

The change of variables $u = \sqrt{a}x - \sqrt{b}/x$ gives

$$J = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{a}} \int_{-\infty}^\infty e^{-u^2} du = \frac{\sqrt{\pi}}{2\sqrt{a}}.$$