## PROOF OF FORMULA 3.521.4

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{x \cosh ax} = 2 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^{k+1} \text{Ei} \left( -(2k+1)a \right)$$

Write the integral as

$$\int_1^\infty \frac{dx}{x \cosh ax} = 2 \int_1^\infty \frac{e^{-ax}}{x} \frac{dx}{1 + e^{-2ax}}.$$

Expand the integrand as a geometric series to produce

$$\int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{dx}{x \sinh ax} = 2 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^{k} \int_{1}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-(2k+1)ax}}{x} dx$$
$$= 2 \sum_{k=0}^{\infty} (-1)^{k} \int_{(2k+1)a}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-t}}{t} dt.$$

The result now follows from the definition of the exponential integral

$$\operatorname{Ei}(x) = -\int_{-x}^{\infty} \frac{e^{-t}}{t} dt.$$