## APMA 1650 Hard Practice Midterm Exam 2

**Problem 1. (Random Rectangle)** Suppose that you want to generate a random rectangle with area 1 (pick your favorite unit). You do this by randomly selecting its height H uniformly at random between 1 and 2. The width W is automatically determined by the fact that the area is 1.

- a. Compute E[W] and Var(W).
- b. What is the probability density function  $f_W(w)$  for W? (Be sure to specify its domain and check that it is valid)

**Problem 2.** (Joint Conditioning) Let X and Y be continuous random variables with joint probability density

$$f_{XY}(x,y) = \begin{cases} cy & \text{if } 0 \le x \le \infty \quad \text{and} \quad 0 \le y \le e^{-x} \\ 0 & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$

- a. Find the value c for which  $f_{XY}(x, y)$  is a valid joint probability density.
- b. Find  $E[e^X]$ .
- c. Find the conditional probability density of X given Y = y.

**Problem 3.** (Jobs) Suppose a company has determined that the number of jobs per week, N, varies from week to week and has a Poisson distribution with rate  $\lambda$ . The number of hours to complete each job  $Y_i$  is Gamma $(\alpha, \beta)$ . The total time to complete all jobs in a week is  $T = \sum_{i=1}^{N} Y_i$ . Note that T is the sum of a random number of random variables.

- a. Find E[T|N = n].
- b. Find ET, the expected time it takes to complete all the jobs.

## Problem 4. (Tight)

- a. Let X be a Bernoulli(p) random variable. Show that Markov's inequality is actually an equality for a = 1, i.e.  $P(X \ge 1) = EX$ .
- b. Let  $X_1$  and  $X_2$  be two independent Bernoulli(p) RVs and let  $X = X_1 X_2$ . Show that Chebyshev is an equality for b = 1, i.e.  $P(|X EX| \ge 1) = Var(X)$ .

**Problem 5.** (Boxes) Suppose that m homeworks are distributed randomly into n homework dropboxes (each dropbox can have more than one homework assignment). Let X denote the number of empty dropboxes.

- 1. Find EX
- 2. Find  $\operatorname{Var}(X)$ .