

**PROOF OF FORMULA 4.234.2**

$$\int_0^1 \frac{x \ln x \, dx}{(1+x^2)^2} = -\frac{\ln 2}{4}$$

The change of variables  $t = x^2$  gives

$$\int_0^1 \frac{x \ln x \, dx}{(1+x^2)^2} = \frac{1}{4} \int_0^1 \frac{\ln t \, dt}{(1+t)^2}.$$

This last integral appears in **4.231.6** with value  $-\ln 2$ .