

FORMULA 3.311.5

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{1 - e^{\nu x}}{e^x - 1} dx = \psi(\nu) + \gamma + \pi \cot(\pi \nu)$$

Let $t = e^{-x}$ to obtain

$$\int_0^\infty \frac{1 - e^{\nu x}}{e^x - 1} dx = \int_0^1 \frac{1 - t^{-\nu}}{1 - t} dt.$$

The integral representation

$$\psi(a) = - \int_0^1 \left(\frac{1}{\ln x} + \frac{x^{a-1}}{1-x} \right) dx,$$

is given as 8.361.4.

Then

$$\int_0^1 \frac{x^{\mu-1} - x^{\nu-1}}{1-x} dx = - \int_0^1 \left(\frac{1}{\ln x} + \frac{x^{\nu-1}}{1-x} \right) dx + \int_0^1 \left(\frac{1}{\ln x} + \frac{x^{\mu-1}}{1-x} \right) dx$$

gives

$$\int_0^1 \frac{x^{\mu-1} - x^{\nu-1}}{1-x} dx = \psi(\nu) - \psi(\mu).$$

Take $\mu = 1$ and replace ν by $1 - \nu$ to get

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1 - x^{-\nu}}{1-x} dx = \psi(1 - \nu) - \psi(1).$$

The result follows from $\psi(1 - \nu) = \psi(\nu) + \pi \cot(\pi \nu)$ and $\psi(1) = -\Gamma'(1) = -\gamma$.