

PROOF OF FORMULA 3.621.5

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^{\mu-1} x \cos^{\nu-1} x dx = \frac{1}{2} B\left(\frac{\mu}{2}, \frac{\nu}{2}\right)$$

In the integral representation

$$B(a, b) = \int_0^1 t^{a-1} (1-t)^{b-1} dt,$$

let $t = \sin^2 x$ to obtain

$$B(a, b) = 2 \int_0^{\pi/2} \sin^{2a-1} x \cos^{2b-1} x dx.$$

The result follows by letting $\mu = 2a$ and $\nu = 2b$.