

NEW FORMULA 3.826.1

The original formula is

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2(ax) dx}{x^2(b^2 + x^2)} = \frac{\pi}{4b^2} \left[2a - \frac{1 - e^{-2ab}}{b} \right]$$

The change of variables $x = bt$ and replacing ab by a (and going back to x as the integration variable) gives the new formula

$$\int_0^{\infty} \frac{\sin^2(ax) dx}{x^2(1 + x^2)} = \frac{\pi}{4} [2a - (1 - e^{-2a})]$$